Environmental Product Declaration



Compliant with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for:

ECOCEMENTO® CONSTRUCTION SURFACE COVERING



Program: Program manager: EPD registration number: Date of publication: Valid until: The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com

EPD International AB S-P-09514 2023-06-08 2028-06-07

An EPD must provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. Therefore, the stated validity is subject to continuous registration and publication at www.environdec.com.





General information

Program Information

Program:	The International EPD [®] System						
	EPD International AB						
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CEN EN 15804 serves as the basis for the Product Category Rule (PCR).

Product Category Rules (PCR): PCR 2019:14 Construction Products (EN 15804: A2), (1.11)

The PCR review was conducted by: The International EPD® System Technical Committee. President: Claudia A. Peña.

Contact through info@environdec.com

Independent third party verification of EPD and data in accordance with ISO 14025:2010:

 \Box Certification of EPD procedure \boxtimes EPD Verification

Third Party Verifier: *CTME Centro Tecnológico de Miranda de Ebro* Auditor: Lorena Pereda

Accredited by: The International EPD® System

The procedure for tracking data during the validity of the EPD involves a third party verifier: \Box Yes \boxtimes No

The EPD owner presents the sole ownership and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category, but from different programs may not be comparable. EPD construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For more information on comparability, please refer to EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

Company-related information

<u>EPD owner:</u> TOPCRET TECNOLOGIA EN REVESTIMIENTOS SL, Gran Vía de les Corts Catalanes 828, Barcelona – Spain.

<u>Contact:</u> Alejandro A. Romero Benedetti - Managing Director UK & Ireland alejandroromero@topcret.com +44 02076242180

<u>Organization description:</u> Topcret® was born from the initiative of two young enterprising engineers who chose to break away from the maelstrom of the construction sector by creating their product EcoCemento®, a cement-based micro-coating that would revolutionize the field of design and interior design. When professionals in the sector were focusing on new construction, we brought an innovative element that offers the possibility of carrying out radical renovations with minimal environmental impact, without generating debris or waste.

Defying the crisis that affected the sector, but with effort, organization, vision and control of our first works, we managed to organize the company we are today: more than 30 employees, a subsidiary in London, 80 franchises spread over the five continents and an innovative product, unique in the market (Baxab®), which distances us from the competition since our birth in 2005.

At Topcret®, we are now setting ambitious but realistic objectives. The intense activity of the R&D Department, in constant improvement of the product, places us as leaders in the sector. The continuous search for customer satisfaction is the driving force to continue growing as a company and to contribute our grain of sand to society. To this end, we have implemented the ISO 9000 standard, which will keep us on the road to excellence in service and quality.

Certifications or management system related to the product:

- ISO 9001.
- ISO 14001.
- Content:
- LEED V4.1 Voc Content (Feb 2021).
- SCAQMD Rule 1113 (Feb 2016).
- Voc emissions:
- French VOC regulation.
- Italian CAM Edilizia.
- ABG/Agbb.
- Belgian regulation.
- Indoor air comfort.
- BREEAM International.
- BREEAM NOR.
- CDPH.
- M1.

Production site: Edison St., Nº 21 de Barbera del Valles, 08210 - Barcelona - Spain.

Product information

Name of the products: EcoCemento®.

Product identification: This EPD represents Topcret's EcoCemento® series.

UN CPC Code: 375, belonging to the group of Articles of concrete, cement and plaster.

<u>Product description</u>: **EcoCemento**[©] is a versatile cementitious-based coating, smooth on the surface, with an approximate thickness of 2mm and excellent adhesive qualities on multiple surfaces. It is ideal for coating walls,

floors, stairs, exteriors, facades, swimming pools, kitchens, bathrooms and furniture as it does not require the removal of existing material. Its surface hardness can be compared to that of a natural wood parquet, 43 N/mm2. In addition, it has excellent adhesive qualities (see Illustration 1).

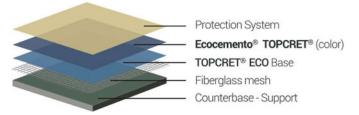


Illustration 1. Application of EcoCemento® within the Topcret surface coating system.

Products	Layer	Products	Number of layers
	Base Topcret®Eco	2 (first to put fiberglass mesh)	Base Powder Base Liquid
EcoCemento®	EcoCemento® (color)	2	EcoCemento® Powder (choose between rustic and fine) Concentrated Liquid
	Sealing	2	Sealing
	Wax	2	Wax

ECOCEMENTO®, THE BENCHMARK SINCE ITS LAUNCH

- EcoCemento® allows the creation of unique spaces with seamless, continuous surfaces. Due to its excellent adhesion, it can be applied on almost any surface.
- It is ideal for remodeling projects since it does not require removing existing floors or changing the floor profile.
- Available in a wide palette of colors, textures and with the hand-troweled finish, EcoCemento® achieves surfaces of great quality and beauty.
- Floors covered with EcoCemento® can be walked on after 24 hours and are perfectly waterproof after 72 hours.
- It is completely waterproof, so it can be applied in kitchens, bathrooms and any wet area.

Table 1 shows the technical characteristics of the EcoCemento® series:

Table 1. EcoCemento® technical properties	
PROPERTY AND TESTING STANDARD	ECOCEMENTO®
ADHESION RESISTANCE UNE-EN 13892-8:2003. Methods for testing materials for continuous screeds.	>1.2 N/MM2
SURFACE HARDNESS UNE-EN 13892- 6;2003	43 N/MM2
DETERMINATION OF SLIP/SLIP RESISTANCE OF UNPOLISHED PAVEMENTS UNE-ENV 12633	27
WEAR RESISTANCE BCA, UNE-EN 13892-4	160 μM
IMPACT RESISTANCE: UNE-EN ISO 6272	>14.7 N/M
RESISTANCE TO STRONG CHEMICAL ATTACK, UNE-EN 13529:205	No effect after 7 days of contact for olive oil, water, alcohol, coffee and bleach. No defects after 1 day of contact for hair dye and vinegar in alcohol. No defect after 6 hours of contact with lemon juice.
LEED V4.1 Voc Content (Feb 2021)	Pass
SCAQMD Rule 1113 (Feb 2016)	Pass

PROPERTY AND TESTING STANDARD	ECOCEMENTO®
French VOC regulation	A+
Italian CAM Edilizia	Pass
ABG/Agbb	Pass
Belgian regulation: Pass	Pass
Indoor air comfort	Pass
BREEAM International	Exemplary level
BREEAM NOR	Exemplary level
СДРН	Pass
M1	Pass

Information related to Life Cycle Assessment

<u>Declared unit</u>: The manufacturing, distribution, installation, use and end of life of **one square meter** (1 m²) **of the product EcoCemento®** as a surface hardening coating in construction for an expected service of reference **of 50** years has been chosen as the declared unit.

For additional information, it is mentioned that the conversion factor is 3.570 kg/m².

Expected service of reference: An expected service of 50 years is considered, according to the company's experience and the warranty offered to the customer.

<u>Temporal and geographic representativeness:</u> The primary data used were obtained from the Barcelona production center for the year 2021, being representative of the products and the production process.

In terms of market area, the products are marketed globally.

This document will be used for B2B communication, with a global scope.

<u>Data quality</u>: Specific data have been taken on the quantities of material and energy used during the life cycle of the product. These data have been supplied by Topcret, referring to the year 2021, and come from direct factory data.

Generic data on the impact per unit of matter or energy have been taken. These data have been obtained from the internationally recognized Ecoinvent database, version 3.8. This database has been selected as the reference database because it coincides with the input flows of matter and energy on the following aspects:

- Technological equivalence: the data are derived from the same physical and chemical processes, or at least the same technological coverage.
- Boundaries towards nature: the data contain all the quantitative information necessary for the EPD®.
- Limits towards technical systems: the considered stages of the life cycle are equivalent.

The treatment and processing of the data has been carried out in accordance with international standards ISO 14025, ISO 14040, ISO 14044 and UNE-EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.

LCA software and database used: The SimaPro 9.3 calculation software and the Ecoinvent 3.8 database were used for the study.

<u>Description of the system boundaries:</u> The EPD® presented is structured by the life cycle stages established according to the PCR 2019:14 reference standard for construction products, based on UNE-EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. This EPD® covers modules A1-A3, A4-A5, B1-B7, C1-C4 and D.

The life cycle stages analyzed are described below:

A1-A3 Product stage

The product stage is composed of the stages of raw material supply (A1), raw material transport (A2) and manufacturing (A3). As permitted by UNE-EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, the results of stages A1-A3 have been grouped into a single product stage (A1-A3).

A1- Supply of raw materials

This module takes into account the extraction and processing of raw materials and energy produced prior to the manufacturing process under study.

These mainly include binders of different nature (cement, resins, etc.), filler, water and other additives.

A2- Transport of raw materials

This module includes the transport of the different raw materials from the manufacturer to the factory where the final product is manufactured in Barbera del Valles (Barcelona). The data in kgkm correspond to each raw material, but the type of truck has been selected globally for all "Transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO5 {RER}| transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO5 | Cut-off, U".

A3- Manufacturing

This module includes the consumption of energy and packaging materials used during the manufacturing process. At the same time, factory waste, transportation and its management are analyzed. In-plant emissions not originating from the combustion of fossil fuels are discarded.

The manufacturing process consists of the stages described below (Fig. 3):

TOPCRET production process

Reception of Raw	Materials
Stock registra	tion PM
Powders	Liquids
Dosing and weighing of components	Weighing of components
ine grinding of cosmetic components	Mixing
Weighing	
Mixing	
Packagir	g
Palletiz	ing
Final product	stocking

A4-A5 Construction Process Stage

The Construction Process stage consists of modules A4 Transportation and A5 Construction Process - Installation.

Module A4 Transportation includes the transportation of finished and packaged products from the factory gate to the construction site for subsequent installation.

The mileage associated with the product has been considered based on its sales during the year 2021.

Table 2. Parameters of module A4: Transport

PARAMETER	VALUE EXPRESSED PER DECLARED UNIT
Type and fuel consumption of vehicle, type of vehicles used for transportation, e.g., long distance trucks, ship, etc.	 Large transport truck 16-32 t EURO6. Diesel consumption: 0.036646054 kg/tkm. Merchant ship. Heavy fuel oil consumption: 0.0025 kg/tkm.
Distance	Big truck: 4486.21 kmMerchant ship: 2263.70 km
Capacity utilization (including no-load return)	% assumed in Ecoinvent database
Bulk density of transported products	1785 kg/m3
Useful capacity factor	1

Module A5 Installation Process includes all materials and energy used for the preparation of the product for use. At the same time, it takes into account the transport and management of packaging waste and its transport to a local waste manager.

At this stage, 5% wastage is considered. In the recommended scenario, the product is first removed with an electric drill with a power of 820W and a performance of 20 min for 200 m2. Then, the product is applied by hand to the desired surface with semicircular movements in the order of illustration 1.

In packaging waste management, the most updated treatment scenario of Eurostats (2019) is considered. Between treatments, final disposal takes place in a controlled landfill within a radius of 50 km.

Table 3. Parameters of module A5: Installation

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	VALUE PER DECLARED UNIT
Auxiliary materials for installation	Electronic drill	0.0446
Water use	m ³	1.7612
Other resources	Kg	0
Quantitative description of the type and consumption of energy during the preparation and installation process.	International low voltage electrical mix	1.3667 Wh
Direct emissions to soil, water or air	kg	0
Waste materials on site, prior to waste processing,	Installation losses	5%
generated by the installation of the product; specified by type	Packaging	0.1323 Kg
Output materials (specified by type) as a result of on-	Recycling	0 Kg
site waste processing; specified by route.	Landfill	0.1323 Kg

B1-B7 Stage of use

This stage is composed of B1 Use, B2 Maintenance, B3 Repair, B4 Replacement, B5 Rehabilitation, B6 Inservice energy use and B7 In-service water use.

- Use of the products in the building: the environmental impacts in this module are negligible as the use of Topcret as a coating material does not require any energy or material consumption.
- Waste management during use: no waste is generated during the use phase.

- Maintenance: under normal conditions of use, occasional revisions may be required, replacement due to damage, e.g., due to weather phenomena or extreme shocks. Impacts due to natural catastrophes are considered negligible.
- Cleaning is carried out with a damp cloth and, if the surface is dirty or greasy, cleaning agents such as detergents or bleach can be added. In this study, the standard scenario for cleaning ceramic floor and wall tiles for a residential use scenario has been considered:
- Standard scenario: residential use 0.06 l of detergent and 2 l of water are used to wash 100 m², frequency 1.5 times/week, throughout its lifespan.
- Repair: under normal conditions of use (except extreme weather events), they do not require repair during the use phase.
- Replacement: the products have a similar lifespan in construction and do not require replacement of materials. The environmental impacts of this module are considered irrelevant.
- Rehabilitation: the products have a similar lifespan in construction and do not require replacement of materials. Therefore, the environmental impacts of this module are not considered.

Once the installation is completed, no technical actions or operations are required during the use stages until the end of life. Therefore, EcoCemento® coatings have no impact at this stage.

C1-C4 End-of-life stage

This stage includes the following End-of-life activities for the products: C1 Dismantling/Deconstruction, C2 Transportation to waste manager, C3 Waste treatments and C4 Final disposal.

Included are the provision of all transportation, materials, products and related energy and water use. In the normal situation, a joint dismantling without separation of materials is considered and its impact is very small compared to the impact of the deconstruction of the building as a whole and can be disregarded in C1. As it is an inert material, it is sent to a local landfill located within a radius of 50 km without prior treatment.

The following table summarizes the information required for the End-of-life stage:

Table 4. Information needed at the End-of-life stage

Module	Parameter	Unit (expressed per declared unit))	Average value
C1 Dismantling	Collection process	Kg harvested manually and separated	0
CI Dismanunig	specified by type	Kg collected mixed with construction waste	3.570 kg
	Type and fuel consumption of the vehicle, type of vehicles used for transportation	Medium transport truck 7.5-16 EURO6	Diesel fuel consumption: 0.047208299 kg/tkm
	Distance	km	50
C2 Transport	Capacity utilization (including no-load return)	% assumed in the Ecoinvent database	100% volume (round trip empty)
	Bulk density	Kg/m3	1.785 Kg/m3
	Useful capacity factor		1
		Kg for reuse	0
C3 Waste treatment	Recovery system	Kg for recycling	0
waste	specified by type	Kg for energy recovery	0
		Kg for incineration	0
C4 Final disposition	Deposition specified by type	Kg product for final deposition	3.570 kg

D Reuse, recovery and recycling potential stage

The present products do not claim environmental benefits due to recycling and reuse.

Diagram of the study system:

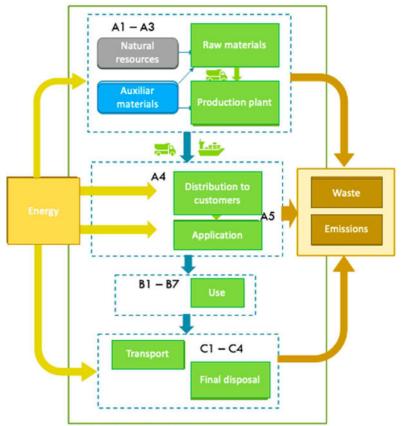


Figure 1. EcoCemento® system diagram

More information: https://topcret.com/

Reported modules, geographic scope, percentage of specific data (in the GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation:

	Product stage Construction/ stage						Stage of use								End-of-life stage				
	Raw Materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation/construction	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Rehabilitation	Energy use in service	Water use in service	Deconstruction-demolition	Transport	Waste treatment	Waste disposal	Reuse, recovery and recycling potential		
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B 7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
Declared modules	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X		
Geography	ES	ES	ES	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO		
Specific data	> 95% GWP-GHG						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Variation in products	NR					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Site variation	NR -				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 5. Reported modules, geographic scope, percentage of specific data (in the GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation

NR = Not relevant

Additional information

- Technical support for the implementation of the EPD: Marcel Gómez Consultoría Ambiental.
- The electricity mix used in the manufacturing plant is purchased from a supplier and has the following composition: nuclear (31.7%), combined cycle (25%), cogeneration (12.7%), natural gas (2.4%), coal (2.9%), renewable sources-hydro, wind and solar (23.9%) and others (1.4%) (Figure 1).
- The impact of the electricity profile is 0.0548 kg CO2 eq./kWh.

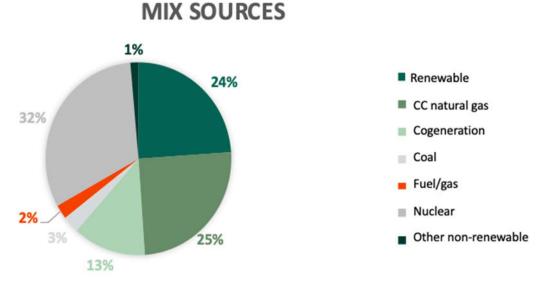


Figure 2. Suppliers mix composition 2021. Source: own invoices

- Cut-off rules and considerations:

 - o The modularity principle has been followed, as well as the polluter pays principle.
- Allocation procedure: where possible, allocation has been avoided, but for general electricity consumption and waste production, allocation has had to be made on the basis of physical mass considerations.
- Based on the system limits indicated in the PCR Construction products reference standard the following processes have not been taken into account:
 - The manufacture of capital equipment with an expected lifetime above three years, buildings and other capital goods.
 - Maintenance activities of the production plant.
 - Research and development activities.
 - Transportation carried out by workers on the home-factory-home route.
 - Long-term emission.
- The scenarios included are currently in use and are representative of one of the most likely alternatives for the products analyzed.

Content information

For confidentiality reasons, the following table shows the composition of the product according to the materials pre-produced by Topcret that make up the final product:

Raw Materials	Percentage, %,	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Renewable material, wt-%
POWDER BASE	47.62%	0	0
LIQUIDO CONCENTRADO BASE	15.69%	0	0
POWDER ECOCEMENTO	22.41%	0	0
CONCENTRATED LIQUID	11.20%	0	0
WATERPROOF	1.68%	0	0
SEALANT	0.84%	0	0
WAX	0.56%	0	0
TOTAL	3.570 kg	0	0
Packaging Materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versus product)	Post-consumer material, weight-%
Plastic container	0.1243	3.48%	0
Stretch film	0.00455	0.13%	0
Wooden pallet	0.00354	0.10%	0
TOTAL	0.1324	3.71%	0

Table 6. Composition of the product based on materials pre-produced by Topcret (EcoCemento®)

All the products studied do not include during their life cycle any hazardous substance included in the "Candidate List of Very High Impact Substances for Authorization (SVHC)" in a percentage higher than 0.1% of the weight of the product.

Environmental performance information

Information on environmental impacts is expressed with Life Cycle Impact Assessment (LCIA) impact category indicators using characterization factors in an LCIA according to ISO 14044. The information on impact categories, indicators, characterization methods, units and characterization factors to be applied is in accordance with Annex C of EN 15804+A2.

The additional impact categories in Table 4 of EN 15804+A2 are presented within the LCA report and are not stated in this EPD.

The results of the environmental impact potential of the product studied are presented below:

Potential environmental impact: mandatory indicators according to EN 15804

Estimated impact results are only relative statements that do not indicate impact category endpoints, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

Tot.A1- A3 2.28E+00 -8.35E-02 2.23E-03 2.20E+00 1.87E-07 1.45E-02 4.82E-05	A4 7.50E-01 6.71E-04 2.92E-04 7.51E-01 1.73E-07 2.76E-03 5.22E-06	A5 1.57E-01 -4.13E-03 1.30E-04 1.53E-01 1.90E-08 8.85E-04	B1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B2 2.17E+00 5.41E+00 3.35E+00 1.06E-01 3.24E-07 3.01E-02	B3 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B4 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B5 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B7 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	C1 1.34E-02 3.97E-06 3.31E-07 1.34E-02 3.00E-09	C2 7.61E-02 7.35E-05 3.60E-05 7.62E-02 1.72E-08	C3 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	C4 8.01E- 03 5.18E- 06 3.07E- 07 8.01E- 03 1.87E-	D 0.00 0.00 0.00
-8.35E-02 2.23E-03 2.20E+00 1.87E-07 1.45E-02	6.71E-04 2.92E-04 7.51E-01 1.73E-07 2.76E-03	-4.13E-03 1.30E-04 1.53E-01 1.90E-08 8.85E-04	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	5.41E+00 3.35E+00 1.06E-01 3.24E-07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	3.97E-06 3.31E-07 1.34E-02	7.35E-05 3.60E-05 7.62E-02	0.00 0.00 0.00	03 5.18E- 06 3.07E- 07 8.01E- 03	0.0
2.23E-03 2.20E+00 1.87E-07 1.45E-02	2.92E-04 7.51E-01 1.73E-07 2.76E-03	1.30E-04 1.53E-01 1.90E-08 8.85E-04	0.00 0.00 0.00	3.35E+00 1.06E-01 3.24E-07	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.31E-07 1.34E-02	3.60E-05 7.62E-02	0.00	06 3.07E- 07 8.01E- 03	0.0
2.20E+00 1.87E-07 1.45E-02	7.51E-01 1.73E-07 2.76E-03	1.53E-01 1.90E-08 8.85E-04	0.00	1.06E-01 3.24E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.34E-02	7.62E-02	0.00	07 8.01E- 03	0.0
1.87E-07 1.45E-02	1.73E-07 2.76E-03	1.90E-08 8.85E-04	0.00	3.24E-07	0.00	0.00							03	
1.45E-02	2.76E-03	8.85E-04					0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00E-09	1 725 09		1 975	
			0.00	3.01E-02	0.00	0.00					1.72E-08	0.00	09	0.0
4.82E-05	5.22E-06	0.000				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45E-04	2.16E-04	0.00	8.28E- 05	0.0
		2.75E-06	0.00	2.72E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.45E-09	6.22E-07	0.00	3.20E- 08	0.0
1.48E-04	1.60E-05	8.45E-06	0.00	8.34E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.90E-08	1.91E-06	0.00	8.82E- 08	0.0
1.76E-03	5.81E-04	1.23E-04	0.00	3.13E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.49E-05	4.10E-05	0.00	4.03E- 05	0.0
2.01E-02	6.47E-03	1.40E-03	0.00	1.12E-01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.12E-04	4.58E-04	0.00	4.42E- 04	0.0
6.59E-03	2.24E-03	4.63E-04	0.00	1.42E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.95E-04	1.76E-04	0.00	1.23E- 04	0.0
2.19E-05	2.59E-06	1.24E-06	0.00	5.91E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.93E-10	3.49E-07	0.00	4.34E- 10	0.0
3.40E+01	1.13E+01	2.34E+00	0.00	2.07E+01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.86E-01	1.14E+0 0	0.00	1.20E- 01	0.0
1.16E+00	3.37E-02	5.98E-02	0.00	8.67E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.78E-05	3.78E-03	0.00	4.85E- 05	0.0
I	2.01E-02 6.59E-03 2.19E-05 3.40E+01 1.16E+00 = Global Warm Potential: AP = A	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 = Global Warming Potential, fo Potential; AP = Acidification Potential	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-1 2.000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 L = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = H Detential; AP = Acidification Potential, cumulative exceedance	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Potential, and Formation of nutrients reaching the marine compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutropheters EUtropheters	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 ectorational constraints Acdification Potential, consultative exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential; AP = Acidification Potential, EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential; AP = Acidification Potential; Compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential; CP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential; AP = Acidification Potential; CP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potentia; CP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potentia; CP-terre	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 ectoration of nutrients reaching the marine compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential; Cumu EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, cumu	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential, GWP-luluc = Dotential; AP = Acidification Potential, cumulative exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, faction Potential, cumulative exceedance; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, cumulative exceedance; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, cumulative exceedance; EP-terrestrial = Subsplication Potential, cumulative exceedance;	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential, foscil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Bi-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential, foraction of nutrient raction of nutrients reaching the marine compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, cumulative exceedance; POC	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1= Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential; AP = Acidification Potential, cumulative exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential; cumulative exceedance; POCP = Troposition of nutrients reaching the marine compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, cumulative exceedance; POCP = Troposition Potential, cumulative exceedance; POCP = Troposition Potential, cumulative exceedance; POCP =	2.01E-02 $6.47E-03$ $1.40E-03$ 0.00 $1.12E-01$ 0.00	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.12E-04 4.58E-04 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.95E-04 1.76E-04 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.93E-10 3.49E-07 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.42E+02 eGlobal Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching the final freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, cumulative exceedance; POCP = Tropospheric Cooree Formation Potential, cumulative exceedance; POCP = Tropospheric Cooree Formation Potential	2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.12E-04 4.58E-04 0.00 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.95E-04 1.76E-04 0.00 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.93E-10 3.49E-07 0.00 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.86E-01 1.14E+0 0.00 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.78E-05 3.78E-03 0.00 = Global Warming Potential, fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Global Warming Potential; GWP-biogenic = Biogenic Glob	1.76E-03 5.81E-04 1.23E-04 0.00 3.13E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.49E-05 4.10E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.01E-02 6.47E-03 1.40E-03 0.00 1.12E-01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.12E-04 4.58E-04 0.00 4.42E-04 6.59E-03 2.24E-03 4.63E-04 0.00 1.42E-02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.95E-04 1.76E-04 0.00 1.23E-04 2.19E-05 2.59E-06 1.24E-06 0.00 5.91E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.93E-10 3.49E-07 0.00 4.34E-10 3.40E+01 1.13E+01 2.34E+00 0.00 2.07E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.86E-01 1.14E+0 0.00 1.20E-01 0.1 1.16E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02 0.00 8.67E+00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.85E-03 0.00 4.85E-03 0.00 4.85E-05 0.5 1 1.6E+00 3.37E-02 5.98E-02

Table 7. Mandatory indicators according to EN 15804

Acronyms Abiotic Deption Potential of non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic Deptetion Potential of fossil resources; WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water unavailability (water stress); WDP = Water Deprivation Potential (user), water consumption weighted by water un (water stress).

* Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator are to be used with caution as the uncertainties of these results are high or experience with the indicator is limited.

Potential environmental impact: additional mandatory and voluntary indicators

	Results per declared unit															
Indicator	Unit	Tot.A1- A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP- GHG ¹	kg CO2 eq.	2.24E+00	7.44E- 01	1.54E- 01	0.00	5.40E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33E- 02	7.54E- 02	0.00	8.84E- 03	0.00

Table 8. Additional mandatory and voluntary indicators (GWP - GHG)

Use of resources

Table 9. Additional mandatory and voluntary indicators (Use of resources)

	Results per declared unit															
Indicator	Unit	Tot.A1- A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	3.59E+00	1.59E-01	1.90E-01	0.00	1.34E+02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00E-04	1.93E-02	0.00	5.02E-04	0.00
PERM	MJ	5.41E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
PERT	MJ	3.59E+00	1.59E-01	1.90E-01	0.00	1.34E+02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00E-04	1.93E-02	0.00	5.02E-04	0.00
PENRE	MJ	3.63E+01	1.20E+01	2.49E+00	0.00	2.69E+01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.97E-01	1.21E+00	0.00	1.27E-01	0.00
PENRM	MJ.	8.12E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	4.54E+01	1.20E+01	2.49E+00	0.00	2.69E+01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.97E-01	1.21E+00	0.00	1.27E-01	0.00
SM	kg	8.20E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
FW	m ³	2.88E-02	1.25E-03	1.52E-03	0.00	3.76E-01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
Acronyms	Acronyms PERE = Primary renewable energy use, excluding primary renewable energy resources used as feedstocks; PERM = Primary renewable energy resource use used as feedstocks; PERT = Total primary renewable energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRM = Use of nonrenewable primary energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRT = Total use of nonrenewable primary energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRT = Total use of nonrenewable primary energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRT = Total use of nonrenewable primary energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRT = Total use of nonrenewable primary energy resources used as feedstocks; PENRT = Total use of nonrenewable primary energy resources; SM = Secondary material use; RSF = Use of renewable															

secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels; FW = Net freshwater use.

¹ The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in the total GWP but excludes the uptake and emissions of biogenic carbon dioxide and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is therefore equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804: 2012 + A1: 2013.

Waste production and outflows

Waste production

Table 10. Waste production

	Results per declared unit															
Indicator	Unit	Tot.A1- A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Non- hazardous waste disposed	kg	8.26E- 03	2.91E- 05	4.65E- 04	0.00	4.59E- 05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.86E- 07	3.05E- 06	0.00	3.03E-07	0.00
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	4.75E- 01	5.80E- 01	3.65E- 01	0.00	6.10E- 01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.14E- 05	4.84E- 02	0.00	3.57E+00	0.00
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	1.03E- 04	7.67E- 05	8.42E- 06	0.00	5.29E- 05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33E- 06	7.64E- 06	0.00	8.28E-07	0.00

Outflows

Table 11. Outflows

Results per declared unit																
Indicator	Unit	Tot.A1- A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B 4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for reuse	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
Recycling materials	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00
Components for reuse	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00E+00	0.00

Information on biogenic carbon content

Table 12.	Rioganic	carbon	contant
1 <i>uole</i> 12.	Diogenic	carbon	comeni

Results per declared unit								
BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT	Unit	Quantity						
Biogenic carbon content in the product.	kg C	0.00E+00						
Biogenic carbon content in the packaging.	kg C	6.50E-03						

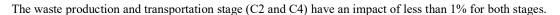
Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO2.

Interpretation of the LCA

It represents 66% (climate change), 48% (depletion of abiotic resources, fossil fuels) and 13% (production of non-hazardous waste).

The stage of transporting the product to the construction site (A4) has a medium impact, in some cases negligible due to the low density of the product and the short transport distance. Indeed, this stage represents between less than 8% (depletion of abiotic resources, fossil fuels and eutrophication), 22% (climate change) and 23% of the total life cycle impact (ozone layer depletion).

The installation stage (A5) has a negligible impact on the product's life cycle. Indeed, this stage of the life cycle represents approximately 4 to 4% of the total impact for the indicators (climate change and depletion of abiotic resources, fossil fuels).



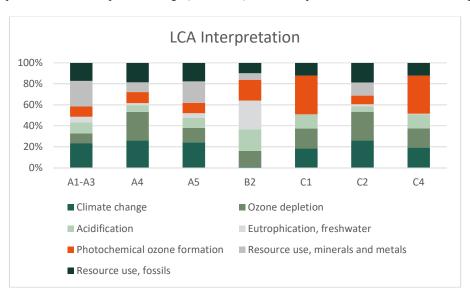


Figure 3. Results interpretation

Information related to the EPD Sector

This EPD® is individual.

Differences with previous versions

First version of EPD®.

References

- General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 3.01.
- ISO 14020: 2000 Environmental labels and declarations: general principles.
- ISO 14025: 2010 Environmental labels and declarations Environmental declarations type III Principles and procedures.
- ISO 14040: 2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework.
- ISO 14044: 2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines.
- UNE-EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Basic rules for the product category of construction products.
- PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804+A2) version 1.11.
- EN 16908:2017+A1:2022 Cement and building lime Environmental product declarations Product category rules complementary to EN 15804.
- EU Construction & Demolition Waste Management Protocol.
- European Commission (DG ENV) (2011). Report on the management of construction and demolition waste in the EU SERVICE CONTRACT ON MANAGEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE SR1. Final Report Task 2. ENV.G.4/FRA/2008/0112. Paris.
- Marcel Gómez Consultoría Ambiental (2022). Life Cycle Assessment of Topcret surface coating for construction. Barcelona Spain.

